## Use the scenario to identifying populations and samplings.

1) Before a nation wide election, a polling place was trying to see who would win. Which choice best represents a population?
A. All voters.
B. A selection of voters over age 50 .
C. A selection of male voters.
D. A selection of voters from all over the nation.
2) A musician wanted to see what people who bought his last album thought about the songs.
Which choice best represents a sample?
A. Every person who bought the album.
B. A selection of people who didn't want to buy the album.
C. A selection of 3,227 people who bought the album.
D. 219 girls who bought the album.
3) A restaurant chain wanted to find out how the customer experience was in a store.

Which choice best represents a sample?
A. Every 23 customer.
B. All of the people who ate at the store.
C. 200 customers who filled out complaint cards.
D. 218 customers who spent more than \$12.
2) A mayor wanted to see if the people in his town thought he was doing a good job.
Which choice best represents a population?
A. 297 voters.
B. 232 voters age 21 to 30 .
C. The residents of the town.
D. The people who voted for the mayor.

Answers

1. $\qquad$
2. $\qquad$
3. $\qquad$
4. $\qquad$
5. $\qquad$
6. $\qquad$
4) A survey company was trying to see if people in a state thought the pollution was too high.
Which choice best represents a sample?
A. A selection of people from each neighborhood in the state.
B. Every person who sent in a complaint about pollution.
C. A selection of people who live in dirty neighborhoods.
D. Every person in the state.
5) A school principal wants to see which subject the $\{616\}$ students in his school liked best.
Which choice best represents a population?
A. All the students in the school.
B. The students making a B in math.
C. The girls in the school.
D. The first 89 students who come into the school.

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Answers

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2. C
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